

Service Manual

15-inch LCD Monitor J15AAC/J15ANC (MRT)

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Service Manual Versions and Revision

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Table of Contents

1.	Audio circuit1					
	1.1 Audio input	- 1				
	1.2 Audio output	- 1				
2.	Power supply	- 1				
3.	On-screen circuit	-2				
4.	Video input circuit	-2				
5.	Definition converter LSI peripheral circuit	-2				
6.	System reset, LED control circuit	-2				
7.	E ² PROM for PNP	-3				
8.	E ² PR OM	- 3				
9.	CPU circuit	- 3				
	9.1 Dection of POWER switch status	- 3				
	9.2 Display mode identification	-3				
	9.3 User control	-4				
	9.4 Control of identification converter LSI (IC307)	- 5				
	9.5 I ² C bus control	- 5				
	9.6 Power ON sequence	-6				
	9.7 Power OFF sequence	-7				
10.). In verter8					

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1. Audio circuit (Circuit diagrams Interface PWB)

1.1 Audioinput

The audio signal input received from the audio input terminal (JK011) is applied to the amplifier I309 of 4 (L-CH) and 9 (R-CH) through the low-pass filter consisting of R372, R373, R374, R375, C374 and C375. In this amplifier, controls of Volume and mute are conducted. The audio signal controlled at the pin 6 determines the attenuation of output of the amplifiers. Since then, the signal is output to the jack P303.

1.2 Audiooutput

The audio signal is output from the jack output terminal (JK012) of the Audio Jack board to the internal speaker system.

2. Power supply (Circuit daigrams Power PWB)

2.1 Line filter consists of C801, T801, C802, C803, C804. It eliminates high frequency interference to meet EMI's requirement.

2.2 Rec & Filter :

Bridge diode D801 converts AC source into pulsed DC. This pulsed DC is smoothed and filtered by C805. R802 is an NTC (negative thermal coefficient) resistor, used to reduce inrush current to be within safe range.

2.3 Power transformer :

T802 converts energy for square wave from power source C805 to secondary side to generate +12V and +5V.

2.4 Output:

The square wave from T802 is rectified by D809, D810, then filtered by C817, C822 to generate +12V and +5V respectively.

2.4.1 A 5V power supply for LCD module, CPU and logic is generated from the power source.

2.4.2 I310 : 3-terminal regulator

A 3.3V power supply for I306 analog is generated from the 5V source.

2.4.3 I310 : 3-terminal regulator

A 3.3V power supply for I306 digital is generated from the 5V source. Q303, Q304 ON/OFF control for LCD Module ON/OFF control is performed for power ON/OFF and also for the power saving sequence.

2.5 Driver:

Q803 drive T802 from PWM control of I801 for power converted.

2.6 FB :

Negative feedback CKT consists of photo coupler I802 and adjustable regulator I803. It can maintain output voltages +5V and +12V at a stable level.

- 2.7 PWM :
- 2.7.1 *Start* : When power is turned on, R805, R803 conducts due to bias from C805. C807 is charged a 16 volt and a starting current to pin 7 of I801. I801 starts to oscillate and outputs a pulse train through pin 6 to drive Q803.

2.7.2 *OPP*: When Q803 turns on, C805 supplies a linearly increasing triangle current through the primary induc tance of T802 to the driver Q803, once the peak value of this current multiplied by R811 exceeds1 volt, pulse train will be shut down immediately to protect Q803, T802 from being burned out.

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- 2.7.3 *Regulation* : If output voltage +5V goes up, the R terminal of I803 gets more bias, accordingly photo transis tor and photo diode flows more current. The voltage of pin 2 goes up too, making the pulse width of pin 6 to become narrower. So the output voltage +5V will be pulled down to a stable value.
- 2.7.4 *OVP* : If +5V goes up too much, the induced voltage on pin 4 of T802 becomes large also. Suppose that it is over 18 volts, ZD801 conducts, pin 3 of I801 is pulled up over 1 volt. The pulse train at pin 6 goes down to zero, shutting Q803 off immediately.
- 2.7.5 *SCP* : If output terminal is short to ground, photo transistor does not conduct, hence Q806 does not conduct either. Then oscillation of I801 is stop, shutting Q803 off immediately.



3. On-screen circuit (Circuit diagrams Interface PWB)

I307 (Mascot VZ) Embeded function.

On-screen menu screen is established and the resultant data are output from I307 (Circuit diagram Interface PWB , Mascot VZ).

4. Video input circuit (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

The AC-coupled video signal is used to clamp the black level at 0V).

5. Definition converter LSI peripheral circuit (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

I307 Mascot VZ is the definition converter LSI.

The analog R, G, B signal input entered from the video input circuit is converted into the digital data of video signal through the incorporated A/D converter. Based on this conversion, this device performs interpolation during pixel extension. The source voltage for this device is 3.3V and the system clock frequency is 12MHz. The withstand voltage level for the input signal voltage is 3.3V and 5V.

6. System reset, LED control circuit (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

6.1 System reset

System reset is performed by detecting the rising and falling of the 5V source voltage at I301.

6.2 LED control circuit

Green / amber is lit with the control signal of the LED GREEN and LED AMBER signal pin 29, 28 from I302 (Circuit diagram Interface PWB).

7. E²PROM for PnP (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

Data transfer between I305 and host.

There are two forms of communications protocal. In both, display capabilities are retrieved by the system software during the boot-up and configuration time.

For the PC platform, this software layer is defined in the VESA BIOS Extension / Display Data Channel, DDC2, standard.

8. E²PROM (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

Data transfer between I304 (24LC16B) and I302 (Circuit diagram Interface PWB page 2/8) is effected through the IIC bus SCL (pin 9) and SDA (pin 8) of I302. The data to be transferred to each device are stored in I304.

- I302 control data.
- OSD related setting data.
- Other control data for service menu.

9. CPU circuit (Circuit diagram Interface PWB)

I302 (8051) is microcontroller with ROM interface (I304).

The source voltage for the device is 5V and the system clock frequency is 12MHz.

9.1 Detection of POWER switch status

The I302 identifies the ON status of the two power supplies. The identification is made when the power supply is turned off. For example, if the power supply is turned off with the POWER switch, the POWER switch must be turned on when activating the power supply again. If the power supply is turned off by pulling out the power cord, then this power supply can be turned on by connecting the power cord, without pressing the POWER switch.

9.2 Display mode identification

- 9.2.1 Functions
 - (1) Display mode identification
 - The display mode of input signal is identified based on Table 1, and according to the frequency and polarity (HPOL, VPOL) of horizontal or vertical sync signal, presence of the resolution or vertical sync signal, and the discrimination signal (HSYNC_DETECT, VSYNC_DETECT).
 - When the mode has been identified through the measurement of horizontal and vertical frequencies, the total number of lines is determined with a formula of "Horizontal frequency / Vertical frequency = Total number of lines. "Final identification can be made by examining the coincidence of the obtained figure with the number of lines for the mode identified from the frequency.
 - When the detected frequency if the sync signal has changed, the total number of lines should be counted even through it is registor identified frequency in the same mode. Then, it is necessary to examine whether the preset value for the vertical display position has exceeded the total number of lines. If exceeded, a maximum value should be set up, which does not exceed the vertical display position.

(2) Out-of -range

This out-of-range mode is assumed when the frequency of the horizontal / vertical signal is as specified below.

- Vertical frequency : Below 56.2Hz or above 76Hz
- Horizontal frequency : Below 31.5 KHz or above 61 KHz

(3) Power save mode

The power save mode is assumed when the horizontal / vertical signals are as specified below.

- If there is no horizontal sync signal input.
- If there is no vertical sync signal input.

- If the horizontal sync signal is outside the measuring range of Mascot VZ.
- If the vertical sync signal is outside the measuring range of Mascot VZ.

Table 1

Mode	No	Resolution	H-freq	Band Width	Polarity	
			(KHz)	(MHz)	Н	v
1.	247	VGA 720 x 350 70Hz	31.47	28.322	+	I
2.	102	VGA 720 x 400 70Hz	31.47	28.322	-	+
3.	103	VGA 640 x 480 60Hz	31.47	25.175	-	-
4.	182	MAC 640 x 480 66Hz	35	30.24	-	-
5.	173	VESA 640 X 480 72Hz	37.86	31.5	-	-
6.	109	VESA 640 X 480 75Hz	37.5	31.5	I	-
7.	104	VESA 800 x 600 56Hz	35.16	36	+	+
8.	116	VESA 800 x 600 60Hz	37.88	40	+	+
9.	110	VESA 800 x 600 75Hz	46.88	49.5	+	+
10.	117	VESA 800 x 600 72Hz	48.08	50	+	+
11.	108	MAC 832 x 624 75Hz	49.72	57.283	-	-
12.	118	VESA 1024 x 768 60Hz	48.36	65	I	1
13.	217	SUN 1024 x 768 65Hz	52.45	70.49	-	-
14.	157	VESA 1024 x 768 70Hz	56.48	75	-	-
15.	141	VESA 1024 x 768 75Hz	60.02	78.75	+	+

Attention :

1. When resolution beyond 1024 x 768 is inputted, resolution is lowered with Down scaling to 1024 x 768, and indicated, and OSD should indicate OUT of Range.

9.3 User Control

General Key Description





- 1. Select MENU: To exit and enter OSD menu.
- 2. Select $\mathbf{\nabla}$: To move downward in the OSD Item.
- 3. -: To decrease the value of the parameter in the OSD, which has been selected for adjustment.
 - -: Choose the previous OSD MENU page.
 - AUTO: Act as AUTO adjustment hot key when OSD is not displayed.
- 4. +: To increase the value of the parameter in the OSD, which has been selected for adjustment.
 - +: Choose the next OSD MENU page.
 - \mathbf{x} : Act as Audio Mute hot key when OSD is not displayed.

9.3.1 Related ports of I302

Port	Pin No.	I/O	Signal name	Function	Remarks
P2.1	25	I/O	DOWN	Down switch input	(DOWN) key
P2.0	24	I/O	MENU	Menu Switch input	(MENU) key
P.2.3	27	I/O	LEFT/AUTO	- switch input	(-)hot key
P.2.2	26	I/O	RIGHT/MUTE	+ switch input	(+)hot key

9.3.2 Functions

Control is effected for the push-switches to be used when the user changes the parameters, in order to modify the respective setting values. Whether the switch has been pressed is identified with the switch input level that is turned "L".

Each parameter is stored in the EEPROM, the contents of which are updated as required.

9.4 Control of definition converter Mascot VZ (I307).

9.4.1 Ports related to control

Pin No.	I/O	Signal name	Function
157	I/O	SDA	Mascot VZ serial data
156	I/O	SCL	Mascot VZ serial clock
159	0	IRQ	Mascot VZ Interrupt to host

9.4.2 Functions

- Major function of I307 are as follows:
- (1) Expansion of the display screen.
- (2) Timing control for various signal types.

9.6 Power ON sequence

9.6.1 When the POWER switch is pressed, the POWER OFF signal is turned "H". When this "H" potential is detected, the CPU begins to establish the respective power supplies according to the sequence shown below.



9.6.2 Power sequence for panel requirement.



9.7 Power OFF sequence

When the POWER switch is pressed while the power supply is ON, the POWER ON signal is turned "H". When tshown below.his "H" potential is detected, the CPU begins to turn off the respective power supplies according to the sequence



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10. Inverter

This unit operates on an output voltage of 15V from power source.

- 10.1 Regulator: Q101 get a +5VDC for I102 power supply.
- 10.2 UVP: Q106 turns off when the Vin is under 14V. Then pin 3 of I102 is pulled low and inverter off immediately. That is the under voltage protection.
- 10.3 Control IC: I102 (OZ960S)
- 10.3.1 Enable : When pin 3 of I102 is over 1.5V, I102 works. If it is under 1.5V, I102 turns off.
- 10.3.2 OSC: When I102 enabled, R108/C115 (pin 17/pin18 of I102) determine the operating frequency.
- 10.3.3 SST: C104 (pin 4 of I102) provides soft start function.
- 10.3.4 Ignition: R109 (pin 8 of I102) provides higher operating frequency for more striking voltage until regulation of feedback of lamp current. C103 (pin 1 of I102) determine the striking time.
- 10.3.5 Dimming control: The divided voltage of R106/R105/R104 control the duty pulse of burst-mode to drive Q105 and perform a wide dimming control for the CCFL. The burst-mode frequency is determined by C116.
- 10.3.6 Regulation: Pin 9/pin 10 of I102 provide regulation of the CCFL current from feedback. The non-inverting reference (pin 10 of I102) is at 1.25 V nominal.
- 10.4 Protection: Open-lamp protection in the ignition period is provided through both pin1 and pin2 of I102.Removal of the CCFL during normal operation will trigger Q104 to turns on and shuts off the inverter. This is latch function.
- 10.5.1Output drivers: The configuration prevents any shoot-through issue associated with bridge-type power conversion applications. Adjusting the overlap conduction between I101 P-MOSFET and I103 N-MOSFET, I101 N-MOSFET and I103 P-MOSFET, the CCFL current regulation is achieved.
- 10.5.2 Full-bridge switching/Transformer: I101/I103 /C123/C125/T101 compose full-bridge switching to convert DC into AC for driver the CCFL.
- 10.6 Detection: C124/C119/CR102 detect the output voltage and ensure a rated voltage by pin2 of I102. Q102/Q103 ensure not a open-lamp.
- 10.7 Feedback: CR101/R120/R121/D108 sense the lamp current for negative feedback and regulation. The divided voltage on R121 will be at 1.25V.



Inverter Board Block Diagram

Table of Contents

1.	No display of screen (Screen is black, color of LED is amber)					
2.	. Nothing displays on screen (Screen is black, color of LED is green)					
3.	Checking the back light unit	5				
4.	Abnormal screen	6				
5.	No OSD display	7				
6.	Abnormal plug and play operation	8				
7.	Checking the interface circuit of sync signal	9				
	7.1 Checking the control circuit of horizontal sync pulse	9				
	7.2 Checking the control circuit of vertical sync pulse	9				
8.	Checking the resolution change IC movement	10				
9.	No power on	11				
	9.1 No power on (I)	11				
	9.2 No power on (II)	12				
10.	Checking the DC/DC converter circuit	13				
11.	Checking the operation of CPU	14				
12.	Checking the audio circuit	15				
13.	Checking inverter board circuit	16				

1. No display of screen (Screen is black, color of LED is amber)



2. Nothing displays on screen (Screen is black, color of LED is green)



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3. Checking the back light unit



4. Abnormal screen



5. NO OSD display



6. Abnormal plug and play operation





- 7. Checking the interface circuit of sync signal
- 7.1 Checking the control circuit of horizontal sync pulse



7.2 Checking the control circuit of vertical sync pulse



8. Checking the resolution change IC movement



9. No power on

9.1 No power on (I)



9.2 No power on (II)



10. Checking the DC/DC converter circuit



11. Checking the panel power circuit

11.1



11.2



12. Checking the audio circuit



13. Checking inverter board circuit



1. Recommended Parts List

- Note: 1. The components identified by " A " mark are critical for X-ray safety. Replace these with only the same parts specified.
 - 2. If you have spare parts need, please check BOM to get the last release part number of flash ROM and related information.

No.	Location	Part Number	Description
1	I301	6444006108	IC MOS M51953AFP 8P SOP
2	1307	6447000606	IC ASIC MASCOT VZ 160PIN PQFP
3	1302	6448015558	IC CPU/PROM P89C51RD 44P PLCC
4	I304	6448016508	IC 24LC16B 8P SOP MICROCHIP
5	1305	6448018208	IC 24LC02B 8P SOP
6	I306	6446006218	IC 74LVC14 14P TSSOP
7	I311	6442033608	IC LM2622 8PIN MSOP
8	I312	6442033708	IC TL062CDT 8P 508
9	I313	6442023326	IC LINEAR AIC1084 33CM 3P T026
10	I315	6444010808	IC FDS9435A 8P S08
11	Q312	6422007218	TR NPN MMBT2222A SOT-23
12	Q307 Q309	6427002708	FET-P-CHNL NDS356AP SOT-23
13	Q301 Q302 Q308 Q311 Q314 Q316	6422007318	TR NPN MMBT3904 SOT-23
14	Q313	6423002308	TR PNP 2SA1037AK T146
15	Q315	6423000738	TR PNP MMBT3906 SOT-23

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